FISH AND FISHERIES.

FISHERIES (DYNAMITE) LAW, 1886	 	 	370
SPONGE FISHERY LAW, 1890	 	 	370
FISH PRESERVATION LAW, 1909	 	 	373
OYSTER FISHERIES LAW, 1922	 	 	371

2 OF 1886.

TO PROHIBIT THE USE OF DYNAMITE OR OTHER EXPLOSIVES FOR THE PURPOSE OF CATCHING OR DESTROYING FISH.

HENRY BULWER.]

[March 20, 1886.

[May 12, 1890.

Prohibition of use of dynamite in fishing. 1. Any person who uses any dynamite or other explosive substance to catch or destroy fish in any water public or private, within the Island of Cyprus or in the sea within three miles of the coast thereof, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable for each such offence to a fine not exceeding two pounds, or to be imprisoned for a term not exceeding one month.

2. Any offence against this Law committed at sea shall be deemed to have been committed on the land adjoining the sea, or to have been committed in any place where the offender is found, and may be tried and punished accordingly.

3. This Law may be cited as the Fisheries (Dynamite) Law, 1886.

6 OF 1890.

TO PROVIDE FOR THE BETTER REGULATION OF THE CYPRUS SPONGE FISHERY.

HENRY BULWER.]

PART 1.

Grants of Exclusive Licences.

High Commissioner may grant exclusive right. 1. The High Commissioner, whenever he shall deem it expedient in the interest of the public revenue, may grant to any person or body of persons (hereinafter called the grantee) the exclusive licence to use vessels or boats in fishing for sponge on the coasts of Cyprus or on any specified part thereof, subject to such conditions as the High Commissioner shall approve.

Offences committed at sea, where tried.

Short title.

PAGE.