

this section shall not apply unless there is added to the trade description immediately before or after the name of that place or country, in an equally conspicuous manner with that name, the name of the place or country in which the goods were actually made or produced, with a statement that they were made or produced there.

Savings.

16.—(1) This Law shall not exempt any person from any action, suit, or other proceeding which might, but for the provisions of this Law, be brought against him.

(2) Nothing in this Law shall entitle any person to refuse to make a complete discovery, or to answer any question or interrogatory in any action, but such discovery or answer shall not be admissible in evidence against him in any prosecution for an offence against this Law.

(3) Nothing in this Law shall be construed so as to render liable to any prosecution or punishment any servant of a master resident in Cyprus, who *bonâ fide* acts in obedience to the instructions of such master, and, on demand made by or on behalf of the prosecutor, has given full information as to his master.

False  
representa-  
tion as to  
Royal  
Warrant.

17. Any person who falsely represents that any goods are made by a person holding a Royal Warrant, or for the service of Her Majesty or any of the Royal Family, or any Government department, shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.

Short title.

18. This Law may be cited as the Merchandise Marks Law, 1892.

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## MERCHANT SHIPPING (WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY).

See WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

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## MESAORIA STATE LANDS DELIMITATION.

21 OF 1899.

TO MAKE PROVISION FOR DETERMINING THE LIMITS OF CERTAIN  
STATE LANDS.

W. F. HAYNES SMITH.]

[August 12, 1899.

Short title.

1. This Law may be cited as the Mesaoria State Lands Delimitation Law, 1899.

2. In this Law the expression "State Lands" means and includes all uncultivated land not already delimited as State Forest other than :— Definition.

- (a) Lands registered in the name of any person which are not liable to be confiscated by the Government under the provisions of the Confiscation of Public Lands Law, 1885;
- (b) Lands which have become Mahlul where there is any person possessing a Tapou right in respect thereof;
- (c) Lands which are or may be lawfully registered as the Mera of any person, Chiftlik, Village, Ecclesiastical Corporation or Vaqf.

3. The provisions of this Law with reference to State Lands shall apply only to such State Lands as will or may be irrigated, drained, or otherwise benefited by any irrigation, drainage or reclamation works to be undertaken by the Government in that part of the districts of Nicosia and Famagusta known as the "Mesaoria." Limitation of operation of Law.

4. The High Commissioner may appoint a Commission consisting of not less than three members, referred to in this Law as the "Delimitation Commission," for the purpose of delimiting State Lands, and every such Commission shall have all the powers and authorities of a Commission appointed under the Forest Delimitation Law, 1881, for the purpose of delimiting State Forests. Delimitation Commission.

5. Whenever the limits of any tract of State Lands have been determined, the Delimitation Commission shall draw up a report describing the land so determined, and specifying any persons or communities who, during a period of twenty years immediately preceding the date of the report, have been accustomed to pasture their animals within the delimited area, and the approximate number and description of the animals so pastured. Such persons and communities are hereinafter referred to as possessing "customary grazing rights." Procedure of Commission.

The Delimitation Commission shall follow the procedure prescribed by the Forest Delimitation Law, 1881, relating to the deposit of a copy of the report with the Commissioner of the District, and the publication of notice of the deposit; and the provisions of the said Law with regard to the making of objections, the time within which objections may be made, the adjudication thereon, and the period within which the report becomes binding, shall, with the necessary modifications, apply to proceedings under this Law.

Claims of  
grazing or  
other rights.

6. Any person, corporation, or community claiming to exercise any customary grazing right in or over any tract of land which has been delimited as State Land may, within the time limited for making objections, object to the report on the ground that the right is not specified therein; and every such objection shall be made and disposed of pursuant to the provisions of the Forest Delimitation Law, 1881.

Consequences  
of delimita-  
tion.

7. Where any tract of land has been delimited as State Land the following consequences shall ensue:—

- (1) No grazing or other right shall be exercised in or over the land except as is hereinafter provided;
- (2) From and after the date when any report becomes binding, no rights of any description whatsoever shall be acquired in or over the land except under a grant or contract made by or on behalf of the Government of the Island;
- (3) No person shall break up or cultivate the land unless authorized in writing by the Government so to do;
- (4) The Government may:—
  - (a) Sell any delimited State Land either by public auction or private contract, and upon the sale no person or community shall be deemed to have any preferential right to purchase the land;
  - (b) Let it for any term of years not exceeding ninety-nine years;
  - (c) Exchange it with other land;
  - (d) Cultivate, plant and generally use and manage it as may appear most advantageous.

Reservation  
of grazing  
area.

8. Upon the delimitation of any tract of State Lands the Delimitation Commission shall set aside one-half of any State Lands over which customary grazing rights have been found to exist in order that it may be used as pasture by the persons and communities possessing the rights. They shall set it aside in one block, or in several parcels, and in such places as may appear most convenient for the persons or communities for whose use it is reserved.

Exercise of  
customary  
rights.

9. Persons and communities whose customary grazing rights have been ascertained may exercise them to the extent to which they have been recorded in and over the State Lands set aside for the purpose.

Provided that the Government may, at any time, acquire any customary grazing right under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Law, 1899.

10.—(1) The owner of any animals found grazing or trespassing on any State Lands in contravention of this Law, and any person in charge of such animals, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one pound;

Penalties.

(2) Any person who—

(a) Breaks up or cultivates any State Lands in contravention of this Law; or

(b) Injures, removes or defaces any boundary stone or landmark erected for the purpose of defining any Public or State Lands;

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

MINES REGULATIONS.

5 OF 1882.

TO AMEND THE LAW RELATING TO MINES.

ROBERT BIDDULPH.]

[March 20, 1882.

*See also Law 12 of 1924*

PART 1.

1. In all cases in which by the regulations contained in the Ottoman Law, under date 2 Shaban, 1285, any concession, right, licence or thing is directed to be made, given, conferred or done by an Imperial Decree, Irade or Firman of His Imperial Majesty the Sultan the same shall in this island be henceforth made, given, conferred or done by an instrument under the hand of the High Commissioner and the public seal of Cyprus, and every such instrument shall for all purposes be deemed to be of the same effect and

Concession to be made by writing under hand of High Commissioner instead of Imperial Decree.

Sec. 2 of Law 5 of 1882 (at p. 565) has been amended by the addition thereto of the following proviso:-

Provided that all functions and authorities relating to the issue of permits to prospect for minerals, other than oil, are hereby vested in the Governor, who may from time to time by writing under his hand depute to the Colonial Secretary all or any of such functions and authorities as are hereby vested in him.

Vide Law 3 of 1928 (as amended by Law 32/928)