

them to the judgment creditor: Provided that when the debt does not exceed ten pounds the creditor shall not recover a greater amount of costs than the amount of his debt.

Rules.

19. 1919, 7.

103. The High Commissioner, with the advice and assistance of the Chief Justice, may make rules for the carrying out of the objects of this Part of this Law and of the second proviso to section 21.

25 OF 1921.

PROVIDING FOR THE RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF JUDGMENTS IN
CYPRUS AND IN OTHER PARTS OF HIS MAJESTY'S DOMINIONS.

MALCOLM STEVENSON.]

[June 13, 1921.

Short title.

1. This Law may be cited as the Civil Procedure (Reciprocal Enforcement of Judgments) Law, 1921.

Interpreta-
tion.

2.—(1.) In this Law, unless the context otherwise requires:—

“ Judgment ” means any judgment or order given or made by a Court in any civil proceedings, whether before or after the passing of this Law, whereby any sum of money is made payable, and includes an award in proceedings on an arbitration if the award has, in pursuance of the law in force in the place where it was made, become enforceable in the same manner as a judgment given by a Court in that place;

“ Original Court ” in relation to any judgment means the Court by which the judgment was given;

“ Registering Court ” in relation to any judgment means the Court by which the judgment was registered;

“ Judgment creditor ” means the person by whom the judgment was obtained, and includes the successors and assigns of that person;

“ Judgment debtor ” means the person against whom the judgment was given, and includes any person against whom the judgment is enforceable in the place where it was given.

(2.) Subject to rules of Court, any of the powers conferred by this Law on any Court may be exercised by a judge of the Court.

3.—(1.) Where a judgment has been obtained in a superior Court in the United Kingdom, the judgment creditor may apply to the District Court, at any time within twelve months after the date of the judgment, or such longer period as may be allowed by the Court, to have the judgment registered in the Court, and on any such

Enforcement
in Cyprus of
judgments
obtained in
superior
courts in the
United
Kingdom.

application the Court may, if in all the circumstances of the case they think it is just and convenient that the judgment should be enforced in Cyprus, and subject to the provisions of this section, order the judgment to be registered accordingly.

(2.) No judgment shall be ordered to be registered under this section if—

- (a.) the original Court acted without jurisdiction; or
- (b.) the judgment debtor, being a person who was neither carrying on business nor ordinarily resident within the jurisdiction of the original Court, did not voluntarily appear or otherwise submit or agree to submit to the jurisdiction of that Court; or
- (c.) the judgment debtor, being the defendant in the proceedings, was not duly served with the process of the original Court and did not appear, notwithstanding that he was ordinarily resident or was carrying on business within the jurisdiction of that Court or agreed to submit to the jurisdiction of that Court; or
- (d.) the judgment was obtained by fraud; or
- (e.) the judgment debtor satisfies the registering Court either that an appeal is pending, or that he is entitled and intends to appeal, against the judgment; or
- (f.) the judgment was in respect of a cause of action which for reasons of public policy or for some other similar reason could not have been entertained by the registering Court.

(3.) Where a judgment is registered under this section—

- (a.) the judgment shall, as from the date of registration, be of the same force and effect, and proceedings may be taken thereon, as if it had been a judgment originally obtained or entered up on the date of registration in the registering Court;
- (b.) the registering Court shall have the same control and jurisdiction over the judgment as it has over similar judgments given by itself, but in so far only as relates to execution under this section;
- (c.) the reasonable costs of and incidental to the registration of the judgment (including the costs of obtaining a certified copy thereof from the original Court and of the application for registration) shall be recoverable in like manner as if they were sums payable under the judgment.

(4.) Rules of Court shall provide—

- (a.) for service on the judgment debtor of notice of the registration of a judgment under this section; and

